

For questions 1, 2 and 3 please do the following:

- a. Draw an energy diagram
- b. Write the electronic configuration
- c. Answer the questions given.

1. Cobalt

- a. How many electrons are in the fourth shell?

- b. Cobalt (II) Oxide has been used for centuries as a coloring agent because it provides a deep shade of blue to fired pottery - where we get the color name: cobalt blue. What is the electronic configuration for this ion?

2. Tin

- a. The common oxidation states of tin are +2 and +4. Explain this fact in terms of likely electronic configurations.

- b. How many electrons are unpaired in the tin atom?

3. Molybdenum (not generally covered in 201 but since this is a practice quiz I'll use this example)

- a. How many electrons have $l = 2$?

- b. Molybdenum(VI) chloride, MoCl_6 , is a brown solid. What is its electronic configuration of the molybdenum ion?

4. Place the following sets of atoms in order by size - smallest to largest

a. P, Ag, Fr

b. Na, Al, Cl

5. Explain why Caesium is much more reactive than sodium by discussion the ionization energy of these atoms.